



2018-2019 National History Bee Regional Finals – Set 2

Final Round – Middle School Division

1. This president was the first to be born after the end of World War II. This man signed the Brady Bill into law and was he investigated for a land deal in Arkansas in the Whitewater scandal. This president brought the US into NAFTA and in his second term, he became the second US president to be impeached. For the point, identify this president whose wife Hillary unsuccessfully sought the presidency in 2016.

ANSWER: William Jefferson "**Bill**" Clinton

2. During one conflict this man gave an order, which allowed atrocities to be committed against any civilians born in a certain country; that order from this man is known as the "Decree of War to the Death." After the failure of that campaign, this man was exiled to Kingston where he wrote his "Letter from Jamaica." He led the admirable campaign, which helped him become the dictator of Gran Colombia. For the point, identify this leader, whose victory in South American liberation wars earned him the nickname "The Liberator."

ANSWER: Simon **Bolivar**

3. Foreign trading stations built by this organization were known as *kontors*, one of which was known as the Steelyard in London. Valdemar IV of Denmark was forced to sign the Treaty of Stralsund after his forces were defeated by those of this organization which was centered in Lübeck. For the point, name this league that controlled naval commerce in the Baltic Sea beginning in the 1300's.

ANSWER: **Hanseatic** League

4. This figure connected government policies to domestic initiatives in "Utilization of Women in City Government." Though not Helen Keller, this woman helped co-found the ACLU and was the first American woman to receive the Nobel Peace Prize. Along with Ellen Gates Starr, this woman is best known for her efforts running an institution in Chicago to help the needy. For the point, name this social activist who co-founded Hull House.

ANSWER: Jane **Addams**

5. Due to his superior gunpowder-based weapons, a Spaniard named Judar Pasha managed to conquer this empire at the Battle of Tondibi. One leader of this empire named Askia the Great was able to take over large territories of the Hausa in what is now Nigeria. With a capital at Gao, this empire was led by such kings as Sonni Ali. Ruling in the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, for the point, name this West African Empire.

ANSWER: **Songhai** Empire

6. Along with infrastructure spending and a national bank, this was one of the three main policies Henry Clay proposed as part of the American System. The Nullification Crisis arose after two of these policies were declared unconstitutional within the boundaries of South Carolina, including an 1828 example called one “of Abominations.” For the point, name these revenue generating protective taxes on imports and exports.

ANSWER: **tariffs** (abominations mainly)

7. One inhabitant of this island stayed in the home of Betsy Balcombe during the construction of its Longwood House. Zulu leader Cetshwayo’s son was sent to this island whose most famous inhabitant was forced to live here after the Hundred Days. That inhabitant of this island had previously escaped from Elba. Found in the middle of the South Atlantic Ocean, for the point, name this island where Napoleon died in exile.

ANSWER: **St. Helena**

8. The highest voter turnout by percentage of eligible voters occurred during this election year in which the winning candidate won one more electoral vote than his opponent. An Ohio Republican won the presidency in this election year in which Samuel Tilden was passed over by the House in return for the withdrawal of troops from the South. For the point, name this election year in which a compromise allowed Rutherford B. Hayes to prevail.

ANSWER: Election of **1876**

9. The fact that no bullets were fired during a military coup in this country led that coup to be called the Carnation Revolution. An economist named Antonio Salazar ruled this country as leader of its authoritarian Estado Novo regime during the mid-20th century. In 1910, this country’s ruling of House of Braganza was brought to an end. For the point, identify this country that suffered a devastating 18th century earthquake that produced tsunamis on the Iberian Peninsula.

ANSWER: **Portugal**

10. This court case gave rise to the court case of *McGrain v. Daugherty*. Thomas Walsh led investigations of this scandal that saw Edward Doheny given rights to certain areas of the Elk Hills. This scandal arose after Interior Secretary Albert Fall leased Navy reserves of the central good to large corporations. For the point, name this 1920’s scandal involving bribes given for oil contracts that rocked the Harding presidency.

ANSWER: **Teapot Dome** Scandal

11. This man's namesake mausoleum is found next to the Umayyad Mosque in Damascus. The leader of the Ayyubid Dynasty, this man's forces lost the Battle of Montgisard but, ten years later, managed to capture Guy of Lusignan during the Battle of Hattin in 1187. Richard the Lionheart was unable to recapture Jerusalem from, for the point, what Muslim sultan who warred with European armies during the Third Crusade?

ANSWER: **Saladin**

12. A prophecy given before this battle stated that a certain city would be saved by a wall of wood, which caused one leader to build a fleet. This battle's fighting was concentrated around Saint George Island and, following this battle, the losing commander said "My men have become women and women have become men." For the point, identify this large naval battle that saw a victory for the Greeks over the fleet of Xerxes I.

ANSWER: Battle of **Salamis**

13. On this island, Koxinga defeated its European colonists and established a namesake regime. Shortly after his electoral victory, Donald Trump controversially called the leader of this island, Tsai Ing-Wen. Known as Formosa under the Dutch, this island was where Chiang Kai-Shek ruled from after 1949. For the point, name this island off the east coast of mainland China.

ANSWER: **Taiwan**

14. Before becoming chief justice, Earl Warren was the losing vice presidential candidate in this election in which then South Carolina governor Strom Thurmond carried four states as a candidate for the Dixiecrat Party. A picture at St. Louis Union station shows the winner of this election holding a famous *Chicago Tribune* issue which claimed that Thomas Dewey had defeated its winner. For the point, name this election won by Harry Truman.

ANSWER: Election of **1948**

15. This position was disestablished following the Treaty of Lausanne as part of the secularization campaign of Ataturk. The holders of this position known as "Rashidun" are believed, in Sunni Islam, to have been the only ones to hold this position who followed the Qu'ran, and as such are called "Rightly Guided." For the point, identify this position held by the successors of Muhammad, which ISIS claimed to have re-established.

ANSWER: **Caliph** (accept **Caliphate**)

16. An architect named Dinocrates of Rhodes was responsible for the design of this city, one of whose famous buildings was proposed by Demetrius of Phalerum. Another monument in this city sometimes known as the Pharos was built under the reign of Ptolemy II Philadelphus. Over 100,000 books were thought to have been kept in a library in, for the point, what Egyptian city home to a famous lighthouse?

ANSWER: **Alexandria**

17. This person was at various times in her life married to both the author of the play *The Crucible* and to a baseball player who had a record 56-game hitting streak. This person appeared in an iconic scene above a subway grate in the film *Some Like it Hot* and the song “Candle in the Wind” by Elton John laments her early death. For the point, name this iconic actress who starred in films in the 1950’s including *Gentlemen Prefer Blondes*.

ANSWER: Marilyn **Monroe**

18. Biggin Hill was temporarily shut down during this battle that began with a series of “nuisance raids.” Operation Eagle Attack was the central assault conducted during this battle which was to be followed by an invasion known as Operation Sea Lion. In one speech, Winston Churchill claimed that this battle was to start after claiming the “Battle of France is over.” For the point, name this 1940 battle above the United Kingdom.

ANSWER: Battle of **Britain**

19. Herman Mynter provided the first diagnosis in response to this event, whose perpetrator had been influenced by Emma Goldman and other anarchists. A “Safety Automatic” revolver was used to carry out this event inside the Temple of Music. Leon Czolgosz [**CHOLE-gosh**] carried out this event that occurred during the Pan-American Exposition in Buffalo, New York. For the point name this 1901 event that ended the life of an American president.

ANSWER: **assassination** of **McKinley** (accept murder, killing, etc. in place of assassination)

20. As part of his country’s 101st Amendment, this man’s government was able to implement a nationwide Goods and Services Tax. That took place as part of a wider economic campaign led by this man that included the controversial demonetization of large banknotes. This leader of the BJP served for over a decade as the Chief Minister of Gujarat before succeeding Manmohan Singh in his current post. For the point, name this current Prime Minister of India.

ANSWER: Narendra **Modi**

21. During this war, members of the Pennsylvania National Guard were targeted in a Scud missile attack. A key point of fighting in this war was a road known as the Highway of Death, which led to one side’s city of Basra. Norman Schwarzkopf led Operation Desert Storm during this conflict that was fought under the presidency of George H.W. Bush. For the point, name this 1990’s conflict sparked by the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait.

ANSWER: First or Persian **Gulf** War (accept Operation **Desert Storm** before mention, do not accept or prompt on “Iraq War” but prompt on “First Iraq War”)

22. A set of five tenets were put forth in a constitutional document passed during this period called the Charter Oath. The Boshin War helped the military bring about the beginning of this period. The Iwakura Mission was sent to learn about western culture during this period that saw an over tenfold increase in its country’s silk production. Occurring immediately after the Tokugawa Shogunate, for the point, name this period of modernization in Japan.

ANSWER: **Meiji** Restoration

23. The Madiun Affair occurred during this country's independence movement. The Golkar Party operates in this country, and its first leader withdrew from the UN in 1968 and declared the "guided democracy" program. East Timor broke off from this country in 2002, a year that also saw terrorist bombings in Bali. For the point, identify this country whose leaders included Suharto and Sukharno who governed from Jakarta.

ANSWER: **Indonesia**

24. An attempt to take power from this family by assassinating several of its key members was known as the Pazzi Conspiracy. Under the employ of a member of this family, Bartolomeo Cristofori was able to invent the piano. Cosimo the Elder was a prominent leader of this family, whose "Magnificent" member Lorenzo was a patron of artists like Botticelli. For the point, name this prominent banking family that controlled the politics of Florence.

ANSWER: **Medici** family

25. This civilization had its capital at Hattusa, and this civilization spoke the largest Anatolian Indo-European language. This civilization was perhaps the largest victim of the Sea People's invasion, and this civilization was the first to enter the Iron Age. This civilization's leader Hattusili signed the world's first treaty following the Battle of Kadesh. For the point, identify this ancient civilization that was centered in modern-day Turkey.

ANSWER: **Hittite Civilization**

26. The death of Chinese Gordon in this country nowhere near China prompted Herbert Kitchener to seek revenge against its Mahdists at the Battle of Omdurman. Gun wielding horsemen that have operated in this country's Darfur region are known as the Janjaweed. Nubia was located in the center of what is now this country that in 2011 saw its southern portion become a new nation. For the point, name this African country with capital at Khartoum.

ANSWER: **Sudan**

27. This person aided James Montgomery's raids along the Combahee River. Sarah Hopkins wrote "Scenes in the Life" of this woman. This person, whose picture has been proposed to be added to the \$20 bill, helped John Brown plan the raid on Harper's Ferry and later became a Union spy. William Lloyd Garrison labeled this woman "Moses" due to her abolitionist activities. For the point, name this former slave who would routinely lead slaves out of the South.

ANSWER: Harriet **Tubman**

28. David Greenglass claimed that he gave a false testimony regarding these individuals. The Venona decryption project declassified documents associated with these two figures who were arrested after Klaus Fuchs was caught communicating about developments of the Manhattan Project to the Soviets. For the point, name this husband and wife duo who were executed in 1953 on charges of espionage.

ANSWER: Julius and Ethel **Rosenberg**

29. The Golden House was built after this event by a man who allegedly used his own gardens to cover one group with the “skin of beasts” before their execution. The leader of the central city was likely in Antium at the time of its occurrence. Beginning near the Palatine Hill, this event was not actually accompanied by an emperor playing a fiddle. For the point, name this 64 AD event that burned much of an Italian city and which Nero blamed on the Christians.

ANSWER: Great **Fire of Rome**

30. In 1994, Joe Cocker returned for the celebration of the 25th anniversary of this event. John Sebastian and Wavy Gravy appeared at this event where in the middle of the night, Crosby, Stills, Nash, and Young first sang “Marrakesh Express” in concert. The third day of this event started with Jimi Hendrix waking up the crowd to an iconic rendition of “The Star-Spangled Banner.” For the point, identify this event that was advertised by a picture of a bird sitting on a hand holding a guitar, a 3-day long concert held in New York state in 1969.

ANSWER: **Woodstock** Music & Art Fair

BACKUP QUESTION (FOR TIEBREAKERS, USE TIEBREAKER SHEET!)

31. The First Search Bloc was created specifically to capture this man who was known for a policy translating to “silver or lead.” A vigilante group known as Los Pepes targeted this man and was composed of rivals of his including members of the Cali Cartel. With his operations based in Medellin, this man established a multi-billion dollar empire that earned him the title “The King of Cocaine,” for the point, name this notorious Colombian drug lord.

ANSWER: Pablo **Escobar**