

Round 11

Regulation Tossups

(1) This man was nearly killed by an explosion aboard the Kashmir Princess during the Bandung Conference, where he declared he would never forget “the first atom bomb exploded on Asian soil.” The Gang of Four was arrested after this man’s 1976 death. This man had earlier arranged for Mao Zedong and Richard Nixon to meet on home soil. For the point, name this first premier of the People’s Republic of China.

ANSWER: Zhou Enlai

(2) This man hired a 24-year old J. Edgar Hoover to head the General Intelligence Division. Investigations under this man began after 30 letter bombs were mailed by supporters of Luigi Galleani. This man attempted to deport numerous anarchists from his position as Attorney General under Woodrow Wilson. For the point, name this man whose “raids” prompted the First Red Scare.

ANSWER: Alexander Mitchell Palmer

(3) This conflict led to a famous “last sigh” from the exiled ruler Boabdil as he left his kingdom. The Battle of Las Navas de Las Tolosa marked the first time the winning side worked together in this conflict. At this conflict’s end, the Alhambra fortress fell and Granada was captured by Ferdinand and Isabella’s forces. For the point, name this 1400s conflict where the Muslim forces were driven from Spain.

ANSWER: the Reconquista (accept the Reconquest of Spain)

(4) This man, independent of Dirac, created a statistic that describes the distribution of particles in a system with identical particles that follow the Pauli exclusion principle. A lab named for this man used to contain the Tevatron particle accelerator. Chicago Pile-1, the world’s first nuclear reactor was created by, for the point, what Italian-American physicist whose namesake particle has a half-integer spin?

ANSWER: Enrico Fermi

(5) This conflict led Congress to raise a fleet under Thomas Truxtun who later captured the *La Croyable*. The Treaty of Mortefontaine guaranteed that privateers would not harm neutral shipping thus ending this conflict. This conflict was partially fueled by one side’s attempt to solicit bribes in the XYZ affair. For the point, name this undeclared war fought between the United States and France.

ANSWER: Quasi-War (accept Quasi-guerre)

(6) This country’s constitution was created by king Talal after his father was assassinated in al-Aqsa mosque. After a 1948 war with Israel, this country’s Arab Legion was able to seize control of the West Bank but was later forced to return it in 1967. After King Hussein died in 1999, this country fell under the rule of his son Abdullah II. For the point, name this Hashemite Kingdom whose capital is Amman.

ANSWER: Jordan

(7) This conflict was not resolved after the Lecompton Constitution was rejected. Sharps rifles called “Beecher’s Bibles” were sent to this conflict. The Pottawatomie Massacre was perpetrated by John Brown in this conflict after the idea of “popular sovereignty” sparked rounds of fighting. For the point, name this 1850s conflict where border ruffians and free-staters fought over a plains territory.

ANSWER: Bleeding Kansas

(8) This battle featured the heroic defense of the South Valley by Colin Campbell’s 93rd Highland Regiment, which earned the nickname of “the Thin Red Line.” An attempt to silence enemy guns on the Causeway Heights prompted Lord Raglan to order a disastrous charge on Russian positions in this battle. For the point, name this battle of the Crimean War in which the infamous Charge of the Light Brigade occurred.

ANSWER: Battle of Balaclava (Accept Battle of Kadikoi; prompt on Siege of Sevastopol)

(9) This work includes the radio-gunner Snowden, whose death inspires his pilot to live. A character in this work is promoted from a private after just four days in the army resulting in him becoming Major Major Major Major. Yossarian is the protagonist of, for the point, what Joseph Heller novel that coined the term of a logical dilemma where an individual cannot escape their situation due to contradictory rules?

ANSWER: Catch-22

(10) This period’s name was inspired by a namesake work co-written by Charles Dudley Warner in its early years. The Breakers was an example of a mansion built in this period, during which Thomas Nast frequently satirized Tammany Hall. Standard Oil and other big businesses grew during, for the point, what period of American history that lasted from roughly 1870 to 1900, named for the growth of wealthy tycoons?

ANSWER: Gilded Age

(11) This organization’s activities were detailed in the Mitrokhin Archive. Prior to becoming general-secretary, Yuri Andropov headed this organization. This organization was known as the “sword and the shield.” After replacing the NKVD, this organization phased out the gulag system of punishment. For the point, name this Soviet spy agency active in the Cold War era.

ANSWER: KGB (or the Komitet Gosudarstvennoy Bezopasnosti; accept Committee for State Security)

(12) This man’s reign featured the popularization of the tea ceremony thanks to the advisor Sen no Rikyu. The battle of Yamazaki allowed this man to consolidate power and avenge the death of his master. At the height of this man’s power, two failed invasions of Korea were launched and Osaka Castle was constructed. For the point, name this follower of Nobunaga who became the second to unify Japan.

ANSWER: Toyotomi Hideyoshi (accept either underlined name)

(13) This tribe, with the Chocktaw, helped defend fugitive slaves in the Battle of Negro Fort. This tribe carried out the Dade Massacre rather than move west as stipulated in the Treaty of Payne's Landing. Led by Osceola, these people fought to remain in their homeland in the Everglades. For the point, name this Florida tribe that fought a series of wars with the United States.

ANSWER: Seminoles

(14) This city's mayor was killed in Miami when the gunman fell over on the metal chair he was standing on; the gunman did succeed in killing mayor Anton Cermak, but not his probable target, Franklin Roosevelt. This city's public school system was placed under Richard Daley's mayorship, which also featured the building of Millennium Park. For the point, name this largest Illinois city.

ANSWER: Chicago

(15) This man nearly lost power during the Day of the Dupes after Marie de Medici attempted to have him removed. This man successfully besieged the Huguenot stronghold of La Rochelle and convinced his monarch to enter France into the Thirty Years' War. He was succeeded in his role by Cardinal Mazarin. For the point, name this cardinal who advised Louis XIII and was known as the "Red Eminence."

ANSWER: Cardinal Richelieu (or Armand Jean du Plessis; accept Duc de Richelieu)

(16) This holiday is sometimes celebrated with a kapparot chicken, which wielders swing around their head before butchering and donating it. This holiday includes the reading of the Kol Nidre and Nei'la prayers. A 25 hour fast prefaces this holiday, which occurs on the tenth day of Tishrei shortly after Rosh Hashanah. For the point, name the holiest day in the Jewish calendar, the Day of Atonement.

ANSWER: Yom Kippur (accept the Day of Atonement before mentioned)

(17) This policy was supported by Charles Fahy's suppression of evidence that would have cleared accusations of sabotage. This policy began with Executive Order 9066 and led to the establishment of the site of Manzanar. The cases Hirabayashi and Korematsu v. United States sought to block this policy. The attack on Pearl Harbor prompted, for the point, what policy detaining members of a certain Asian ethnicity?

ANSWER: Japanese internment (accept Executive Order 9066 before mentioned)

(18) This site was damaged when Venetian troops fired on a gunpowder dump placed here by the Ottoman Empire. Iktinos and Kallikrates were the architects of this site, whose marble statues were transported to England by Lord Elgin. This building served as the treasury of the Delian League and lay next to the Propylaia and Erechtheion on the Acropolis. For the point, name this temple dedicated to Athena.

ANSWER: Parthenon (prompt on the Acropolis before mentioned)

(19) This man opposed the "power to construct roads and canals" by vetoing the Bonus Bill. The Second Bank of the United States was created under this president to finance rebuilding efforts. A George Washington painting was saved by this man's wife as Washington D.C. was burned by the British. For the point, name this President during the War of 1812, known as the "father of the Constitution."

ANSWER: James Madison

(20) This civilization's worship of Kukulkan is documented in the El Castillo site. The mythology of this civilization describes the Hero Twins entering the underworld Xibalba and is compiled in the Popol Vuh. This civilization's religion also featured the usage of 18,980 day calendar rounds in the "Long Count" method of keeping time. For the point, name this Mesoamerican civilization centered around Chichen Itza.

ANSWER: Mayan Civilization

(21) This colony was founded after Philip Amadas and Arthur Barlowe found a site. John White was chosen to be the governor of this colony and became the grandfather of Virginia Dare, the first child to be born in the New World. A supply train headed for this colony found that everybody had disappeared and the word "Croatoan" etched upon a tree. For the point, name this lost colony in North Carolina.

ANSWER: Roanoke island

(22) This church was swayed after Carlo Borromeo heard a piece of music that he found too beautiful to ban. This church's use of polyphonic music was being discussed during an event that saw the performance of a piece by Giovanni Palestrina dedicated to Marcellus II. The Council of Trent reformed the Gregorian Chant while meeting to discuss matters of, for the point, what religious institution based in Rome?

ANSWER: Roman Catholic Church

(23) This country was the site of an empire founded after the Treaty of Pressburg by Francis I. This country began a series of conservative crackdowns after the Karlsbad Decrees were issued by Klemens von Metternich. In later times, the Ausgleich was signed to link this country with Budapest during the reign of Franz Joseph. For the point, what country formed a dual monarchy with Hungary and is governed from Vienna?

ANSWER: Austria

(24) This dynasty established itself after winning the Battle of Lake Poyang but eventually ended after its final emperor Chongzhen hung himself from a tree as Li Zicheng's rebels took over the country. Achievements of this dynasty include the construction of the Forbidden City and obtaining giraffes from Africa. For the point, identify this dynasty that sponsored admiral Zheng He in the 15th century.

ANSWER: Ming dynasty

(25) This modern-day state was the site of the Runaway Scrape, where civilians would flee in terror from an invading army. Foreign troops perpetrated the Goliad Massacre in this state, who avenged that crime when it won the Battle of San Jacinto against general Santa Anna of Mexico to secure independence. For the point, name this modern-day state that was led by Sam Houston and Stephen Austin.

ANSWER: Texas (accept Republic of Texas)

Extra Tossups

(1) This man hurt his reputation in one election after a Playboy interview in which he confessed to “adultery many times” in his heart. To become president, this man was forced to give up his peanut farm. This man successfully mediated talks between Menachem Begin and Anwar Sadat at Camp David. For the point, name this president who was ousted by Ronald Reagan in 1980.

ANSWER: Jimmy Carter

(2) This monarch was opposed by the Legitimists, who preferred Henri, the Duke of Bordeaux. This man survived an assassination attempt from the “infernal machine” weapon of Giuseppe Fieschi after taking power during the Three Glorious Days. However, this leader of the Orleanists had his rule cut short when the 1848 revolution placed Napoleon III on the throne. For the point, name this Citizen King of France.

ANSWER: Louis-Philippe I (prompt on Louis)