

# Playoff Round 3

## Regulation Tossups

(1) This man rejected advice from Lew Walt to seek victory through placating civilians. This man insisted on using body counts at La Drang to show that he had been victorious. This man's forces were attacked at Khe Sanh just prior to a major New Year's attack. Though he repeatedly claimed victory was near, this man was replaced. For the point, the Tet Offensive led to the removal of what American general?

ANSWER: William Westmoreland

(2) This man and Arnold Harberger were invited to give speeches after a 1975 coup. This man listed inflation and the promotion of a healthy social market economy as the "key economic problems" of a country ruled by Augusto Pinochet. This economist advised Chile while working at the university where he wrote *Capitalism and Freedom*. For the point, name this economist associated with the University of Chicago.

ANSWER: Milton Friedman

(3) This province was home to a city where the 1279 Battle of Yamen took place. Hong Xiuquan, who led the Taiping Rebellion, was born in this province. While in this province, Lin Zexu wrote a letter to Queen Victoria calling for the end of a particular trade. During the First Opium War, the British captured this province's port of Canton. For the point, name this state of southern China containing the city of Guangzhou.

ANSWER: Guangdong

(4) This program was unveiled at an Ohio University speech where the speaker promised "no child will go unfed and no youngster will go unschooled." This program succeeded the New Frontier initiative. Literacy tests were banned under the Voting Rights Act of this program, which also included Medicare and Medicaid. For the point, name this wide-ranging social program implemented by Lyndon B. Johnson.

ANSWER: Great Society

(5) This man wept after realizing he was too old to invade India. This man commissioned Apollodorus of Damascus to create a pontoon bridge so that he could lead his armies against Decebalus, the king of Dacia. After bringing Rome to its territorial height, this man's victories were honored in a bas-relief on a namesake column. For the point, name this successor of Nerva, the second of the Five Good Emperors.

ANSWER: Trajan

(6) This event led to the court-martial of James Barron due to surrendering without a fight. George Berkeley prompted this event by ordering his flag ship to search for deserters. This event, along with other violations of neutrality, caused Thomas Jefferson to sign the Embargo Act. For the point, name this 1807 event in which a British warship impressed sailors from an American frigate.

ANSWER: Chesapeake-Leopard affair (accept equivalents that mention these two ships)

(7) This man took control of the Netherlands after a great victory at Fontenoy, but gave up the territory in the interest of a lasting peace. This man's bankrupting of the country was justified by his mistress, who declared "after me, the deluge." Madame Pompadour was a close consort of, for the point, what French king who lost control of North America during the Seven Years' War?

ANSWER: Louis XV

(8) This city was the site of fortresses built with rocks so large that they were called Cyclopean. Three Helladic periods date this city's artifacts. The Lion's Gate standing in this city serves as Bronze Age Greece's only surviving monumental sculpture. Heinrich Schliemann rose to fame for his excavation of this city. For the point, name this city in southern Greece where the Mask of Agamemnon was found.

ANSWER: Mycenae

(9) This man teamed up with Harry Byrd and Richard Russell to pen the Southern Manifesto of discontent after the Brown v. Board decision. This man opposed the Civil Rights Act of 1957 by giving a 24 hour long filibuster, the longest in American history. Earlier, his supporters formed the Dixiecrat party for his run for president in 1948. For the point, name this eight-term senator from South Carolina.

ANSWER: (James) Strom Thurmond

(10) This man left the UGCC to form the Convention People Party, whose logo was a red chicken with the slogan "forward ever, backwards never." This man addressed the House of Commons in the 1953 "Motion of Destiny" speech to ask for greater autonomy. He served as the African leader of the Non-Aligned Movement after the Gold Coast colony became independent. For the point, name this first president of Ghana.

ANSWER: Kwame Nkrumah

(11) This case's dissenting opinion noted that the Constitution should not be made to fit specific economic theories and that an amendment did not "enact Mr. Herbert Spencer's Social Statics." A Supreme Court era where state's finance policies were routinely ruled against began with this case. For the point, name this 1905 case in which a work limit for New York bakers was said to violate the 14th Amendment.

ANSWER: Lochner v. New York

(12) This civilization's writing system was discovered on a tomb of King Ahiiram. This civilization became a trading power thanks to its ability to harvest Murex snails, and it expanded its empire by establishing the city of Carthage. Its other accomplishments include introducing the modern alphabet. For the point, name this ancient Greek civilization known for its trade of purple dyes.

ANSWER: Phoenicians

(13) This battle was preceded by the Trachenburg Plan where one side targeted minor officers. Josef Poniatowski died during this battle after a pontoon bridge was blown up too early. This battle was known as the Battle of the Nations, as its 600,000 troops made it the largest European battle before World War I. The invasion of France began shortly after, for the point, what 1813 defeat for Napoleon near a Saxon city?

ANSWER: Battle of Leipzig (accept Battle of the Nations before mentioned)

(14) This man was called “Big Turtle” after Blackfish’s Shawnee men captured him in the Revolutionary War. When Richard Henderson received the rights to create the colony of Transylvania, this man was ordered to go with Benjamin Cutbirth to create what would be known as the Wilderness Road. For the point, name this frontiersman who helped settle Kentucky by blazing a trail through the Cumberland Gap.

ANSWER: Daniel Boone

(15) This animal was represented in Wabanaki legends by an uncle of Glooskap, Mikcheech. The fact that many Native American tribes named islands after this animal inspired the name of a Gary Snyder book. In the Iroquois creation myth, various animals assist the Sky Woman by spreading mud on the back of one of these animals that won a race against the fast beaver. For the point, name these reptiles that have shells.

ANSWER: turtles (accept tortoises)

(16) This man was captured by rebel forces at the Battle of Lewes, but freed after his son managed to win the Battle of Evesham against Simon de Montfort. This man was forced to strengthen the provisions of the Magna Carta during the Second Baron’s War by signing the Provisions of Oxford. For the point, name this English king, the father of Edward Longshanks.

ANSWER: Henry III (accept Henry of Winchester; prompt on Henry)

(17) This president agreed to the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty with Great Britain, promising that he would not attempt to control Nicaragua’s canal. During an event at the Washington Memorial, this man consumed large amounts of cherries and milk, leading to a stomach illness that killed this man just a year after taking office. For the point, name this president who was succeeded by Millard Fillmore upon his death.

ANSWER: Zachary Taylor

(18) This man’s first conference resulted in him expelling 70 diplomats, before giving guns to the remaining members and telling them to shoot the ones outside. After taking power from Hassan al-Bakr, this man purged the Ba’ath party and massacred Shias in Dujail, a crime for which he was hung. This man was found hiding in a spider hole by American troops. For the point, name this dictator of Iraq in the 1990s.

ANSWER: Saddam Hussein

(19) This scientist worked with Remington Rand on the creation of FLOW-MATIC. Some of the ideas employed by IBM inspired this figure to come up with a system noted for its de-emphasis on machine code. COBOL was partly designed by this Rear Admiral. The term “computer bug” was coined by, for the point, what computer scientist whose early contributions to programming led her to be nicknamed “Amazing Grace?”

ANSWER: Grace Hopper

(20) This man used the alias Ricardo Clement which was compromised after he gave his wife flowers on her birthday. This man was described as the “banality of evil” while awaiting trial, which resulted in the last death sentence given by the host country. At the Wannsee Conference, this man tabled the “Final Solution.” For the point, name this organizer of the Holocaust who was put on trial in Jerusalem.

ANSWER: Adolf Eichmann

(21) This man’s early service featured serving with the Duke of Cumberland at the battle of Preston in the War of the 45. In a later conflict, this man fought the battles of Gully Hole Creek and Bloody Marsh to defend the colony he founded. This man traveled to America on the *Anne* after his best friend died in prison for tax evasion. For the point, name this man who founded the debtor’s haven of Georgia.

ANSWER: James Oglethorpe

(22) This battle’s losing side was weakened when Carl von Donop marched to Mount Holly to deal with a militia. The passcode “Victory or Death” launched an attack in this battle, surprising Johann Rall. The Battle of Princeton took place one week after this battle where American forces ambushed Hessian soldiers. For the point, name this 1776 battle in New Jersey where George Washington crossed the Delaware.

ANSWER: Battle of Trenton

(23) This man’s father was murdered by Janos Hunyadi, who attempted to depose this man of his throne by installing Vladislav II. This member of the Order of the Dragon nearly captured Mehmed II during a night attack on Ottoman forces. Ottoman ally Radu the Handsome eventually removed this man as voivode of Wallachia. For the point, name this king known for the mounting of his enemies on stakes.

ANSWER: Vlad the Impaler (accept Vlad Tepes; accept Vlad III; accept Vlad Dracula)

(24) This man’s popularity grew as he delivered the “Prince of Peace” speech on the Chautauqua circuit. After the Lusitania disaster, this man resigned as Woodrow Wilson’s secretary of state. This man first rose to prominence declaring “you shall not crucify mankind” in a speech supporting bimetallism. For the point, name this multiple-time Democratic nominee who gave the “Cross of Gold” speech.

ANSWER: William Jennings Bryan

(25) This modern-day country was successfully defended at the battles of Kohima and Imphal, turning back a Japanese invasion. A government in exile was set up in Singapore after Subhas Bose attempted to ally this country with the Axis. This country was the site of a “Quit” movement that refused to fight until independence was gained. For the point, what country was led during World War II by the British Raj?

ANSWER: India

### Extra Tossups

(1) This event led a news anchor to apologize for being out of breath on live TV, since a security guard “put him on the deck.” Walter Cronkite remarked “I think we are dealing with a bunch of thugs here” in response to this event. During this event, protesters were struck by police after Hubert Humphrey was nominated over George McGovern. For the point, name this violent political convention in Chicago.

ANSWER: 1968 Democratic National Convention (prompt on partial answers)

(2) This battle devolved into unorganized fighting near Medole. The Armistice of Villafranca was signed after this battle. The book “A Memory of [this battle]” described its aftermath, which was so bloody that it sparked Jean Henri Dunant to establish the Geneva Conventions and International Red Cross. For the point, name this 1859 battle in which 300,000 French and Austrian troops clashed on Italian soil.

ANSWER: Battle of Solferino and San Martino